**SAFETY PRECAUTIONS:** Wear suitable protective clothing (coveralls) and suitable protective gloves when handling the product or when applying by hand-held equipment.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke Keep in original container, tightly closed, in a safe place

**DIRECTIONS FOR USE:** B-NINE SG is a growth regulator which reduces the internode length of a number of ornamental plants, thus producing compact and robust plants. Foliage tends to be greener and the plants more able to withstand drought and transport stresses. The period of saleability of many plant types can be extended.

B-NINE SG can be used on a wide range of ornamental plants grown under protection. For use on protected ornamental plants not specified on the label, growers are advised to test B-NINE SG in small pilot trials to assess the efficacy and crop safety of the product under their local conditions and cultivars grown, before more wide-scale use.

RESTRICTIONS: Response to treatment with B-NINE SG differs widely depending on variety, stage of growth and physiological condition of the plant. It is not possible to establish one precise dose rate for the individual species because the dose depends not only on the plant species and variety, but also on growth factors such as water, fertiliser, light intensity, stage of plant at first application, and the effect that the user wants to achieve. Under some conditions and on some varieties, B-NINE SG may delay flowering. Effects on final bloom number, size and colour have not been fully established. Always test on a small scale any new variety to observe if swmptoms occur, before large scale use.

Do NOT use on the Chrysanthemum variety Fandango.

Do NOT mix B-NINE SG with other spray chemicals, unless specifically recommended.

Spray when foliage is dry.

Apply only to turgid, well watered plants. Best results are obtained when the application is made in late afternoon, when the glasshouse has cooled down from the heat of the day.

Plants should not be watered for 24 hours after application of B-NINE SG.

#### MIXING

Wash out the spray tank thoroughly before and after use.

Make up the correct amount of solution required that day and do not store in metal containers.

Add the required amount of B-NINE SG to clean water and stir or agitate vigorously until dissolved.

Do not leave the B-NINE SG spray in contact with metal for more than 2 hours.

**APPLICATION:** Use compressed air or power sprayers. Ensure good spray coverage of plant foliage, spraying just to the point of run-off. This will generally be achieved by using a water volume of 1000 l/ha with a FINE spray quality.

RATES OF USE: The maximum individual dose of B-NINE SG that can be applied is 5.0 kg product per hectare. The maximum total dose of B-NINE SG that can be applied to any one crop in a growing season is 15.0 kg product per hectare.

Do **NOT** exceed a maximum individual dose of 5.0 kg product per hectare. Do **NOT** exceed a maximum total dose of 15.0 kg product per hectare per growing season.

#### POTTED PLANTS

## Pot chrysanthemums:

To produce well branched and compact plants:

Apply when the breaks are 12-25mm long. Under vigorous growing conditions tall varieties may require a further application after 10-14 days.

A dose range of 1.2 to 5.0 kg product/ha will produce well branched and compact plants. At the higher rates of application within this dose range, flowering may be delayed. Rates of use as g product per litre water are shown in the table below.

		Water volume			
	kg product/ ha	800 l/ha	1000 l/ha	1200 l/ha	1500 l/ha
		g product/l			
	1.2	1.5	1.2	1.0	0.8
	2.0	2.5	2.0	1.67	1.33
	3.0	3.75	3.0	2.5	2.0
	4.0	5.0	4.0	3.33	2.67
	5.0	6.25	5.0	4.17	3.33

Always test on a small scale any new variety to observe if symptoms occur, before large scale use.

#### Other potted plants:

B-NINE SG has been successfully used on Kalanchoe and Cyclamen.
Apply after re-potting when new growth is 10-12mm long. Re-application
after 10-14 days may be necessary.

A dose range of 1.0 to 5.0kg product/ha will produce well branched and compact plants. Rates of use as g product per litre water are shown in the table below.

		Water volume			
	kg product/ ha	800 l/ha	1000 l/ha	1200 l/ha	1500 l/ha
		g product/l			
	1.0	1.25	1.0	0.83	0.67
	2.0	2.5	2.0	1.67	1.33
	3.0	3.75	3.0	2.5	2.0
	4.0	5.0	4.0	3.33	2.67
	5.0	6.25	5.0	4.17	3.33

Always test on a small scale any new variety to observe if symptoms occur, before large scale use.



# **B-NINE®** SG

# PLANT GROWTH REGULATOR

#### IMPORTANT INFORMATION

FOR USE ONLY AS A HORTICULTURAL PLANT GROWTH REGULATOR

For use on protected ornamental plants (woody and flower/folians

Maximum individual dose: 5.0 kg product per hecta Maximum total dose: 15.0 kg product / hectare / s ason Particulars of direct or indirect adverse effects

A containment system MUST be put in place of the policies is used in green busins where a drain connected to the sewer syst miss' the vicinity of the green buse. The containment system should prevent any relected to the drain. Any make it collected in the containment system CANNOT be use, see of though the drain sewer system Unprotected persons must be kep out of created crops for at hast 8 days after treatment.

READ THE LABEL BEFO 'E L' ... SING THIS PRO' UCI N A MANNER THAT IS INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL! AY BE AN OFFLACE FOLLOW THE CODE OF PRACTICE FOR L' "" JELANT PP JUL TION PP

## Risk and safety information:

FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

Keep out of reach of children

Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs

Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardous waste disposal contractor or collection site except for triple rinsed empty containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

Do not contaminate water with the product or its container. (Do not clean application equipment near surface water/ Avoid contamination via drains from farmyards and roads)

To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use

PCS No. 03412

Water sciulle granule formulation cor. cir. r 4 8 3% w/w daminozide

for \_se us a growth regulator on protected ornamental plants (voody and flower/foliage)

# Approval Holder:

UPL Holdings Coöperatief U.A. Claudius Prinsenlaan 144 A Blok A, 4818CP Breda The Netherlands

# **Marketing Company:**

UPL Europe Ltd Engine Rooms (1st Floor), Birchwood Park, Warrington Cheshire, WA3 6YN UK Tel.: +44 (0) 1925 819999

For 24 hour emergency information contact CARECHEM24: +44 (0) 1235 239 670

#### Batch No.:

1 KG

B-NINE\* is a registered trademark

CUT FLOWERS

# Standard chrysanthemums (single bloom):

To reduce length of "neck" (pedicel):

Apply 2 to 3 days before disbudding and again 7 to 10 days later where necessary, or when new growth is observed. Apply B-NINE SG to the top 150 to 200mm of foliage, For variety Fred Shoesmith, and its sports, one application of 0.75 kg product/ha may be sufficient. A dose range of 0.5 to 5.0 kg product/ha will reduce the length of 'neck' (pedicel). At the higher rates of application within this dose range, flowering may be delayed. Rates of use as g product per litre water are shown in the table below.

	Water volume			
kg product/ ha	800 l/ha	1000 l/ha	1200 l/ha	1500 l/ha
	g product/l			
0.5	0.625	0.5	0.417	0.33
1.0	1.25	1.0	0.83	0.67
2.0	2.5	2.0	1.67	1.33
3.0	3.75	3.0	2.5	2.0
4.0	5.0	4.0	3.33	2.67
5.0	6.25	5.0	4.17	3.33

Always test on a small scale any new variety to observe if symptoms occur, before large scale use.

Spray chrysanthemums (multi-bloom): To reduce length of "neck" (pedicel): Apply two weeks after the start of short days and apply to the told 150 to 200mm of foliage. A dose range of 0.5 to 5.0 kg product/ha will reduce the length of "neck" (pedicel). At the higher rates of application within this dose range, flowering may be delayed. Rates of use as g product per litre water are shown in the table below.

	Water volume				
kg product/	800 l/ha	1000 l/ha	1200 l/ha	1500 l/ha	
ha	g product/l				
0.5	0.625	0.5	0.417	0.33	
1.0	1.25	1.0	0.83	0.67	
2.0	2.5	2.0	1.67	1.33	
3.0	3.75	3.0	2.5	2.0	
4.0	5.0	4.0	3.33	2.67	
5.0	6.25	5.0	4.17	3.33	

Always test on a small scale any new variety to observe if symptoms occur, before large scale use.

# BEDDING PLANTS

To reduce undue elongation ('legginess'). B-NINE SG has been successfully used on Antirrhinum, Aster, Lobelia, Marigold (African), Marigold (French). Mesembryanthemum, Petunia. Phlox. Salvia. Stock

and Tagetes. There is some evidence of height reduction in some cultivars of winter Viola but the effect can be unpredictable.

General advice: Apply from two weeks after pricking out, when plants have made new growth. A higher application rate will be required for bedding plants growing under vigorous conditions, and for vigorously growing varieties or species. Spray to give good coverage.

Specific advice: Marigold (African), Marigold (French) & Tagetes: apply as soon as the terminal flower bud is visible. A dose range of 0.5 to 5.0 kg product/ha will reduce undue legginess. Rates of use as g product per litre water are shown in the table below.

		Water volume			
	kg product/ ha	800 l/ha	1000 l/ha	1200 l/ha	1500 l/ha
		g product/l			
	0.5	0.625	0.5	0.417	0.33
	1.0	1.25	1.0	0.83	0.67
	2.0	2.5	2.0	1.67	1.33
	3.0	3.75	3.0	2.5	2.0
	4.0	5.0	4.0	3.33	2.67
	5.0	6.25	5.0	4.17	3.33

Always test on a small scale any new variety to observe if symptoms occur, before large scale use.

#### SHRUB

B-NINE SG has been successfully used on Azaleas, Fuchsia, Gardenia and Hydrangeas to produce beneficial results, including shorter compact plants, darker foliage and additional bud set. Growers are advised to test B-NINE 50 on a small scale to verify its activity under particular conditions. Apply when the new growth, following any necessary trimming (pinching out), is 25 to 50 mm long. Repeat application 14-21 days later if necessary. A dose range of 1.0 to 5.0 kg product/ha will produce beneficial results, including shorter compact plants, darker foliage and additional bud set. Rates of use as g product per litre water are shown in the table below.

	Water volume				
kg product/	800 l/ha	1000 l/ha	1200 l/ha	1500 l/ha	
ha	g product/l				
1.0	1.25	1.0	0.83	0.67	
2.0	2.5	2.0	1.67	1.33	
3.0	3.75	3.0	2.5	2.0	
4.0	5.0	4.0	3.33	2.67	
5.0	6.25	5.0	4.17	3.33	

Always test on a small scale any new variety to observe if symptoms occur, before large scale use.